Patent claims

- 1. Agents for treating human illnesses based on substances which affect the interaction between β-catenin and transcription factors and tumor suppressor gene products.
- 2. Agents for treating human illnesses based on substances which inhibit the interaction between β-catenin and transcription factors and tumor suppressor gene products.
- 3. Agents for treating human illnesses based on substances which promote the interaction between β-catenin and transcription factors and tumor suppressor gene products.
- 4. Agents according to claim 1 wherein they affect the interaction between β-catenin and LEF-1
- 5. Agents according to claim 1 wherein they affect the interaction between β-catenin and TCF-4.
- 6. Agents according to claim 1 wherein they affect the interaction between β-catenin and APC 15 or AP 20 amino acid repeats.
- 7. Agents according to claim 1 wherein they affect the interaction between β-catenin and conductin.
- 8. Agents according to claim 1 wherein they affect the interaction between β-catenin and E-cadherin.
- 9. Peptides covering parts of the LEF-1/TCF-4 transcription factors and their variants and mutants.
- 10. Peptide according to claim 9 consisting of the 10-40 amino acid long sequences from the N-terminal area of LEF-1 or TCF-4.

- Peptide according to claims 9 –10 consisting of the N-terminal amino acids 11-34 of LEF-1 of the following sequence

 GDPELCATDEMIPFKDEGDPQKEK
- 12. Peptide according to claims 9 –10 consisting of the N-terminal amino acids 14-27 of LEF-1 of the following sequence ELCATDEMIPFKDE
- 13. Peptide according to claims 9 –10 consisting of the N-terminal amino acids 7-29 of TCF-4 of the following sequence
 GGDDLGANDELISFKDEGEQEEK
- 14. Peptide according to claims 9 –10 consisting of the N-terminal amino acids 10-23 of TCF-4 of the following sequence

 DLGANDELISFKDE
- 15. Peptide according to claims 9-14 wherein it contains acid amino acids at a distance of 5 amino acids flanked by hydrophobic amino acids and containing a basic amino acid.
- 16. Use of peptides according to claims 9-15 for treating tumors wherein peptides are coupled with a second peptide and are thereupon applied in an appropriate form.
- 17. Use according to claim 16 wherein antennapedia peptide RQIEIWFQNRRMEWEE is used as second peptide.
- 18. Use according to claim 16 wherein peptides and binding regions are modified to increase the stability (peptidomimetics).
- 19. Use of peptides and binding regions according to claim 16 wherein their carbon skeleton is substituted by carbon skeletons with the same arrangement of functional groups (non-peptidomimetics).

- 20. Peptides and similar molecules from the armadillo domain (arm units 3-8) of β-catenin (sequences according to Annex: Table 1) and the mutants in the context of the whole β-catenin molecule covering at least one of the specific interaction domains towards LEF-1, TCF-4, APC, conductin or E-cadherin.
 21. Peptides and binding regions of β-catenin according to claim 20 covering the area of His 470 and/or Arg 469 and fragments thereof (LEF-1/TCF binding site).
- 22. β-catenin mutants according to claim 20 with the mutation His 470 and/or Arg 469.
- 23. Peptides and binding regions of β-catenin covering the area of Trp383 and fragments thereof (APC binding site, 20 mino acid repeats).
- 24. ß-catenin mutants according to claim 20 with the mutation Trp 383.
- 25. Peptides and binding regions of β-catenin according to claim 20 covering the area of Arg 386 and fragments thereof (APC binding site, 15 amino acid repeats).
- 26. β-catenin mutants according to claim 20 with the mutation Arg 386.
- 27. Peptides and binding regions of β-catenin according to claim 20 covering the area of Arg 386, Phe 253, Arg 274, Trp 338 and fragments thereof (conductin binding site).
- 28. β-catenin mutants according to claim 20 with one of the following mutations: Arg 386, Phe 253, Arg 274, Trp 338 or a combination thereof.
- 29. Use of substances obtained by means of peptidomimetics or non-peptidomimetics from the claims 20-28.
- 30. Use of peptides and similar molecules according to claims 20-28 to build up agents for treating tumors, tissue and organic damage, e.g. psilosis.

- 31. Use of peptides and similar molecules according to claims 20-28 for screening substances which highly specifically inhibit or intensify one of the interactions of β-catenin with LEF/TCF, APC, conductin or E.cadherin.
- 32. Use of peptides and similar molecules according to claims 20-28 inhibiting the interaction between β-catenin and LEF/TCF, APC, conductin or E-cadherin for treating tumors.
- 33. Use of peptides and similar molecules according to claims 20-28 which promote the interaction between β-catenin and LEF/TCF, APC, conductin or E-cadherin for the regeneration of tissue and organs (e.g. for promoting growth of hair).
- 34. ELISA for screening of substance libraries for components which affect the interaction between *A*-catenin and LEF-1/TCF, APC, conductin and E-cadherin.
- 35. ELISA according to claim 35 containing peptides and mutants and similar molecules according to claims 9-15, 20-28 to identify substances for treating tumors, regeneration of tissue and organs.